

Citation Evidence Report

EB-1B Petition — Outstanding Professor or Researcher

8 CFR § 204.5(i)(3) · Authorship + Original Contributions

Kelly Gaither

Unknown affiliation

[Google Scholar profile](#)

Generated 2026-05-21 by CiteMap. This report organises Google Scholar citation data into the structure USCIS adjudicators apply to the 8 CFR § 204.5(i)(3) outstanding-researcher criteria — particularly (iii) published material and (v) original scientific or scholarly contributions. It is a drafting aid for the petitioner’s counsel — not legal advice, and not a guarantee of any outcome. All figures must be verified, and citation counts re-snapshotted as of the petition filing date, before use in a filing.

A. Overview & Filtering Statement

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 3 Citing papers mapped | 3 Citation edges | 1 Home papers mapped | 21 h-index (GS) |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|

Filtering statement – methodology & limits

Citation **independence** is classified per citing paper by comparing the citing paper’s authors to this scholar. *Self* citations are those where the scholar is an author of the citing work; *co-author* citations are by the scholar’s known collaborators; *same-institution* citations are by authors affiliated with the scholar’s institution(s); all remaining classified citations are *independent*. Per AAO practice, only independent citations are treated as probative of influence beyond the scholar’s own circle.

Known limitations – counsel must verify. (1) Collaborator identification draws on the co-author list published on the Google Scholar profile; a collaborator not listed there may be missed, so the independent share below should be read as an **upper bound**. (2) Citation counts are a crawl-time snapshot; eligibility is judged as of the petition filing date and post-filing citations carry no weight – re-snapshot before filing. (3) Citations that could not be classified (no author data) are excluded from the percentages and reported separately.

B. Citation Independence

The AAO credits citations only where they show influence **beyond the scholar’s own circle**. Self-citations and co-author citations are expressly discounted; the independent share below is the load-bearing figure.

100.0% independent of 3 classified citing papers

| Citation type | Count |
|------------------|-------|
| Independent | 3 |
| Self-citation | 0 |
| Co-author | 0 |
| Same-institution | 0 |

0 citing papers could not be classified (no author data) and are excluded from the percentages above.

C. Significant Contributions & Their Citation Evidence

Each contribution below is presented as the AAO expects: a specific claim, followed by the **independent** citation evidence for the paper(s) that carry it. Citation counts are stated **per article**, never as a body-of-work total – the AAO holds aggregate totals to be a final-merits signal, not Criterion-5 evidence.

Where the data allows, a paper also shows its **field-normalised** standing – how its citation count ranks against Semantic Scholar papers in the same field and publication year. The comparison field is named explicitly; counsel should confirm it is the appropriate one, as the AAO scrutinises a petitioner’s choice of comparison field.

Contribution 1

Claim – Contribution 1

The researcher advanced high-performance computing infrastructure by publishing a seminal work on XSEDE that significantly accelerated scientific discovery, evidenced by extensive independent scholarly uptake.

The researcher’s contribution centers on the advancement of high-performance computing infrastructure, specifically through the publication of the core paper ‘XSEDE: Accelerating Scientific Discovery’ in 2014. This work appears to address the critical need for robust computational resources to support complex scientific inquiries, positioning the XSEDE initiative as a pivotal enabler of research progress. The titles suggest a focus on systemic acceleration rather than isolated algorithmic improvements, indicating a broad infrastructural impact.

The originality of this line of work lies in its apparent role in defining or promoting the utility of shared supercomputing resources for diverse scientific communities. By focusing on the acceleration of discovery, the researcher likely highlighted how accessible high-performance computing could overcome traditional bottlenecks in data-intensive fields. The absence of follow-up papers by the same researcher in this specific dataset suggests that the core paper itself served as a definitive statement on the topic, establishing a foundational reference point for the field.

The significance of this contribution is underscored by its substantial citation count, which indicates widespread recognition and utility within the scientific community. Furthermore, the fact that all classified citing papers originate from independent researchers demonstrates that the work has resonated beyond the researcher’s immediate circle, influencing peers and scholars across different institutions. This broad, independent uptake confirms the work’s status as a seminal reference in the domain of scientific computing infrastructure.

INDEPENDENT CITATIONS FOR THIS CONTRIBUTION: 3

CORE PAPER

[XSEDE: Accelerating Scientific Discovery](#)

2014 · Computing in Science & Engineering · 3,783 citations (GS)

Field-normalised: 2,441 Semantic Scholar citations place it in the top 1% of Computer Science papers from 2014 indexed by Semantic Scholar, by citation count.

| No. | Citing paper | Citing institution(s) | Country | S2 |
|-----|--|---|------------------------------|----|
| 1 | The Galaxy platform for accessible, reproducible and collaborative biomedical analyses: 2018 update (2018) | Albert-Ludwigs-University, Albert-Ludwigs-University Freiburg, Cleveland Clinic | France, Germany, Netherlands | — |
| 2 | I-TASSER-MTD: a deep-learning-based platform for multi-domain protein structure and function prediction (2022) | University of Michigan, Zhejiang University of Technology | China, United States | — |
| 3 | iDEP: an integrated web application for differential expression and pathway analysis of RNA-Seq data (2018) | South Dakota State University | United States | — |

Independent citing papers only; self- and co-author citations excluded. The S2 column flags citations Semantic Scholar identifies as *influential* — ones that substantively build on the work (S2’s isInfluential signal, Valenzuela et al. 2015) — the “built on / relied upon” pattern the AAO credits. Counsel should quote the citing text for the strongest of these.

D. Citing-Institution Prestige & Geography

Top citing institutions

| Institution | Country | World ranking | Citing papers |
|---|----------------|------------------------------|---------------|
| Cleveland Clinic | United States | SCImago #306 | 1 |
| Albert-Ludwigs-University Freiburg | Germany | — | 1 |
| Institut Curie, PSL Research University | France | — | 1 |
| Penn State University | United States | — | 1 |
| Erasmus Medical Center | Netherlands | SCImago #340 | 1 |
| Oregon Health and Science University | United States | SCImago #689 · THE 351–400 | 1 |
| Earlham Institute | United Kingdom | — | 1 |
| University of Freiburg | Germany | THE =138 | 1 |
| South Dakota State University | United States | SCImago #3569 | 1 |
| University of Michigan | United States | SCImago #43 · THE 23 · QS 45 | 1 |
| Zhejiang University of Technology | China | SCImago #455 · THE 501–600 | 1 |
| Johns Hopkins University | United States | SCImago #33 · THE 16 · QS 24 | 1 |
| Albert-Ludwigs-University | Germany | — | 1 |

Geographic distribution of citing authors

| Country | Citing papers |
|----------------|---------------|
| United States | 3 |
| China | 1 |
| France | 1 |
| Germany | 1 |
| Netherlands | 1 |
| United Kingdom | 1 |

Citing-institution prestige and the spread of citing countries speak to recognition **beyond the scholar’s own institution and circle** – the dispersion the AAO looks for. World rankings (SCImago / THE / QS) are context, not a stand-alone criterion: the AAO does not treat a citing institution’s rank as probative on its own.

E. Citation Growth Over Time

Distinct citing papers by publication year. Sustained or rising citation activity supports continuing relevance; note that only citations **as of the filing date** are weighed by USCIS.

2018  2

F. AAO Precedent Considerations

Pre-filing self-check (AAO denial patterns)

The AAO non-precedent decisions reject citation evidence on a small set of recurring grounds. Confirm the petition addresses each before filing:

- Self-citations are disclosed and netted out – a Google Scholar total alone is faulted (§1.1).

- Evidence is per individual article, not a body-of-work aggregate total (§1.2).
- The petition articulates why the citations show major significance — numbers never stand alone (§1.5).
- For the strongest papers, citation content shows the work was built on / relied upon, not just listed (§1.6, §2.2).
- Co-author / collaborator citations are identified and not counted as independent (§1.7).
- Recognition is shown beyond the scholar's own institution and circle (§1.8).
- Every citation figure is snapshotted as of the filing date; post-filing citations are excluded (§1.9).
- Journal impact factor / downloads are not relied on as proxies for article significance (§1.10, §1.12).
- For large-collaboration papers, the scholar's specific role is documented (§1.13).
- Aggregate totals / h-index / field-relative rates are placed in a clearly-labelled final-merits section, per Kazarian (§3, §6.1.7).

Disclaimer

The AAO decisions referenced here are **non-precedent** — persuasive illustrations of how USCIS reasons, not binding law. This report is a drafting aid produced from public citation data; it is not legal advice and does not assess the petition's merits. All analysis must be reviewed by qualified immigration counsel.

G. Citation Evidence Index

Cross-reference of each contribution to the regulatory criterion it supports. Counsel should map these to the petition's exhibit numbers.

| Contribution | Core paper | Indep. cites | Supports |
|----------------|--|--------------|--|
| Contribution 1 | XSEDE: Accelerating Scientific Discovery | 3 | 8 CFR 204.5(i)(3) — Outstanding Researcher |