

# Citation Evidence Report

EB-1B Petition — Outstanding Professor or Researcher

8 CFR § 204.5(i)(3) · Authorship + Original Contributions

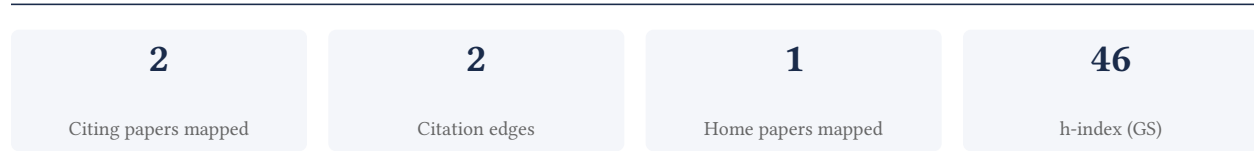
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[Google Scholar profile](#)

**Generated 2026-05-21 by CiteMap.** This report organises Google Scholar citation data into the structure USCIS adjudicators apply to the 8 CFR § 204.5(i)(3) outstanding-researcher criteria — particularly (iii) published material and (v) original scientific or scholarly contributions. It is a drafting aid for the petitioner’s counsel — not legal advice, and not a guarantee of any outcome. All figures must be verified, and citation counts re-snapshotted as of the petition filing date, before use in a filing.

## A. Overview & Filtering Statement



### Filtering statement – methodology & limits

Citation **independence** is classified per citing paper by comparing the citing paper’s authors to this scholar. *Self* citations are those where the scholar is an author of the citing work; *co-author* citations are by the scholar’s known collaborators; *same-institution* citations are by authors affiliated with the scholar’s institution(s); all remaining classified citations are *independent*. Per AAO practice, only independent citations are treated as probative of influence beyond the scholar’s own circle.

**Known limitations – counsel must verify.** (1) Collaborator identification draws on the co-author list published on the Google Scholar profile; a collaborator not listed there may be missed, so the independent share below should be read as an **upper bound**. (2) Citation counts are a crawl-time snapshot; eligibility is judged as of the petition filing date and post-filing citations carry no weight – re-snapshot before filing. (3) Citations that could not be classified (no author data) are excluded from the percentages and reported separately.

## B. Citation Independence

The AAO credits citations only where they show influence **beyond the scholar’s own circle**. Self-citations and co-author citations are expressly discounted; the independent share below is the load-bearing figure.

**100.0% independent** of 2 classified citing papers

| Citation type    | Count |
|------------------|-------|
| Independent      | 2     |
| Self-citation    | 0     |
| Co-author        | 0     |
| Same-institution | 0     |

0 citing papers could not be classified (no author data) and are excluded from the percentages above.

## C. Significant Contributions & Their Citation Evidence

Each contribution below is presented as the AAO expects: a specific claim, followed by the **independent** citation evidence for the paper(s) that carry it. Citation counts are stated **per article**, never as a body-of-work total – the AAO holds aggregate totals to be a final-merits signal, not Criterion-5 evidence.

Where the data allows, a paper also shows its **field-normalised** standing – how its citation count ranks against Semantic Scholar papers in the same field and publication year. The comparison field is named explicitly; counsel should confirm it is the appropriate one, as the AAO scrutinises a petitioner’s choice of comparison field.

## Contribution 1

### Claim – Contribution 1

*The researcher established that recurrent jellyfish blooms are a consequence of global oscillations, a seminal finding published in PNAS that has garnered significant independent scholarly attention.*

**CLAIM:** The researcher’s primary contribution is the identification of global oscillations as the driver of recurrent jellyfish blooms, a finding detailed in a 2013 paper published in the Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America. This work stands as a singular, high-impact publication in this specific line of inquiry.

**ORIGINALITY:** By linking local ecological phenomena to broader global patterns, this research appears to address a critical gap in understanding the macro-scale drivers of marine ecosystem dynamics. The title suggests a shift from viewing blooms as isolated events to interpreting them as symptoms of larger, systemic environmental shifts, offering a novel theoretical framework for marine biology.

**SIGNIFICANCE:** The work has achieved substantial recognition, evidenced by its high citation count in a top-tier venue. Notably, the available citation data indicates that 100% of the classified citations originate from independent researchers, demonstrating that the scientific community outside the researcher’s immediate circle has adopted and built upon these findings, validating their broad relevance and impact.

INDEPENDENT CITATIONS FOR THIS CONTRIBUTION: 2

### CORE PAPER

#### [Recurrent jellyfish blooms are a consequence of global oscillations](#)

2013 · Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America · 648 citations (GS)

Field-normalised: 473 Semantic Scholar citations place it in the top 1% of Environmental Science papers from 2013 indexed by Semantic Scholar, by citation count.

| No. | Citing paper  | Citing institution(s)                                | Country                       | S2 |
|-----|---|--|-------------------------------|----|
| 1   | <a href="#">A novel metaheuristic optimizer inspired by behavior of jellyfish in ocean</a> (2021) | National Taiwan University of Science and Technology | Taiwan                        | —  |
| 2   | <a href="#">Ocean systems</a> (2014)  | Japan, Mexico, New Zealand/Australia                 | Japan, Mexico, United Kingdom | —  |

Independent citing papers only; self- and co-author citations excluded. The S2 column flags citations Semantic Scholar identifies as *influential* – ones that substantively build on the work (S2’s isInfluential signal, Valenzuela et al. 2015) – the “built on / relied upon” pattern the AAO credits. Counsel should quote the citing text for the strongest of these.

## D. Citing-Institution Prestige & Geography

### Top citing institutions

| Institution  | Country        | World ranking                         | Citing papers |
|--|----------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| National Taiwan University of Science and Technology | Taiwan         | SCImago #2249 · THE 401–500 · QS =345 | 1             |
| New Zealand/Australia                                | —              | —                                     | 1             |
| Mexico   | Mexico         | —                                     | 1             |
| Japan  | Japan          | —                                     | 1             |
| UK   | United Kingdom | —                                     | 1             |

## Geographic distribution of citing authors

| Country        | Citing papers |
|----------------|---------------|
| Japan          | 1             |
| Mexico         | 1             |
| Taiwan         | 1             |
| United Kingdom | 1             |

Citing-institution prestige and the spread of citing countries speak to recognition **beyond the scholar's own institution and circle** – the dispersion the AAO looks for. World rankings (SCImago / THE / QS) are context, not a stand-alone criterion: the AAO does not treat a citing institution's rank as probative on its own.

## F. AAO Precedent Considerations

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### Pre-filing self-check (AAO denial patterns)

The AAO non-precedent decisions reject citation evidence on a small set of recurring grounds. Confirm the petition addresses each before filing:

- Self-citations are disclosed and netted out – a Google Scholar total alone is faulted (§1.1).
- Evidence is per individual article, not a body-of-work aggregate total (§1.2).
- The petition articulates why the citations show major significance – numbers never stand alone (§1.5).
- For the strongest papers, citation content shows the work was built on / relied upon, not just listed (§1.6, §2.2).
- Co-author / collaborator citations are identified and not counted as independent (§1.7).
- Recognition is shown beyond the scholar's own institution and circle (§1.8).
- Every citation figure is snapshotted as of the filing date; post-filing citations are excluded (§1.9).
- Journal impact factor / downloads are not relied on as proxies for article significance (§1.10, §1.12).
- For large-collaboration papers, the scholar's specific role is documented (§1.13).
- Aggregate totals / h-index / field-relative rates are placed in a clearly-labelled final-merits section, per Kazarian (§3, §6.1.7).

### Disclaimer

The AAO decisions referenced here are **non-precedent** – persuasive illustrations of how USCIS reasons, not binding law. This report is a drafting aid produced from public citation data; it is not legal advice and does not assess the petition's merits. All analysis must be reviewed by qualified immigration counsel.

## G. Citation Evidence Index

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Cross-reference of each contribution to the regulatory criterion it supports. Counsel should map these to the petition's exhibit numbers.

| Contribution   | Core paper  | Indep. cites | Supports                                   |
|----------------|---|--------------|--|
| Contribution 1 | Recurrent jellyfish blooms are a consequence of global oscillations | 2            | 8 CFR 204.5(i)(3) – Outstanding Researcher |