

Citation Evidence Report

EB-1A Petition — Original Contributions of Major Significance

8 CFR § 204.5(h)(3)(v) · Criterion 5

HALIT CELIK

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[Google Scholar profile](#)

Generated 2026-05-21 by CiteMap. This report organises Google Scholar citation data into the structure USCIS adjudicators apply to Criterion 5 (original contributions of major significance). It is a drafting aid for the petitioner's counsel — not legal advice, and not a guarantee of any outcome. All figures must be verified, and citation counts re-snapshotted as of the petition filing date, before use in a filing.

A. Overview & Filtering Statement

| | | | |
|----------------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------|
| 4 | 4 | 4 | 1 |
| Citing papers mapped | Citation edges | Home papers mapped | h-index (GS) |

Filtering statement – methodology & limits

Citation **independence** is classified per citing paper by comparing the citing paper’s authors to this scholar. *Self* citations are those where the scholar is an author of the citing work; *co-author* citations are by the scholar’s known collaborators; *same-institution* citations are by authors affiliated with the scholar’s institution(s); all remaining classified citations are *independent*. Per AAO practice, only independent citations are treated as probative of influence beyond the scholar’s own circle.

Known limitations – counsel must verify. (1) Collaborator identification draws on the co-author list published on the Google Scholar profile; a collaborator not listed there may be missed, so the independent share below should be read as an **upper bound**. (2) Citation counts are a crawl-time snapshot; eligibility is judged as of the petition filing date and post-filing citations carry no weight – re-snapshot before filing. (3) Citations that could not be classified (no author data) are excluded from the percentages and reported separately.

B. Citation Independence

The AAO credits citations only where they show influence **beyond the scholar’s own circle**. Self-citations and co-author citations are expressly discounted; the independent share below is the load-bearing figure.

100.0% independent of 4 classified citing papers

| Citation type | Count |
|------------------|-------|
| Independent | 4 |
| Self-citation | 0 |
| Co-author | 0 |
| Same-institution | 0 |

0 citing papers could not be classified (no author data) and are excluded from the percentages above.

C. Significant Contributions & Their Citation Evidence

Each contribution below is presented as the AAO expects: a specific claim, followed by the **independent** citation evidence for the paper(s) that carry it. Citation counts are stated **per article**, never as a body-of-work total – the AAO holds aggregate totals to be a final-merits signal, not Criterion-5 evidence.

Where the data allows, a paper also shows its **field-normalised** standing – how its citation count ranks against Semantic Scholar papers in the same field and publication year. The comparison field is named explicitly; counsel should confirm it is the appropriate one, as the AAO scrutinises a petitioner’s choice of comparison field.

Contribution 1

Claim – Contribution 1

The researcher investigated the potential correlation between internet addiction and thoracic kyphosis angles among medical faculty students, addressing an emerging intersection of digital behavior and postural health.

The researcher published a core study in 2021 examining the relationship between internet addiction and thoracic kyphosis angles in medical faculty students. This work stands alone as the primary contribution in this specific line of inquiry, with no subsequent follow-up papers by the same author identified in the provided data.

This line of work appears to address a gap in understanding how prolonged digital engagement may influence spinal posture within a specific academic demographic. By focusing on medical faculty students, the research suggests an interest in the occupational or lifestyle factors contributing to musculoskeletal issues in this population.

The significance of this contribution is evidenced by its uptake in the broader scientific community. All four citing papers originate from independent researchers, indicating that the work has attracted attention from scholars outside the researcher's immediate institution or collaboration network. This independent validation suggests the findings are viewed as relevant and worthy of reference by external peers.

INDEPENDENT CITATIONS FOR THIS CONTRIBUTION: 4

CORE PAPER

[Evaluation of the relationship between internet addiction and the thoracic kyphosis angle on medical faculty students](#)

2021 · 11 citations (GS)

| No. | Citing paper | Citing institution(s) | Country | S2 |
|-----|--|---|----------|----|
| 1 | Posture and Its Influence on Anatomical Structures: A Comprehensive Review (2024) | — | — | — |
| 2 | Investigating the Association of Computer Vision Syndrome with Forward-Headed and Kyphotic Posture Among Undergraduate Information Technology Student (2024) | Liaquat University of Medical & Health Sciences | Pakistan | — |
| 3 | The Impact of Video Game Addiction on Spinal Health (2024) | Yalova University | Turkey | — |
| 4 | OMURGA SAĞLIĞI VE EGZERSİZ (2024) | Hakkari University | — | — |

Independent citing papers only; self- and co-author citations excluded. The S2 column carries Semantic Scholar's read of each citation — *Methodology / Result* (the citing work used the method or built on the finding — the "built on / relied upon" pattern the AAO credits), *Influential* (S2's is Influential signal, Valenzuela et al. 2015), or *Background* (a passing mention).

D. Citing-Institution Prestige & Geography

Top citing institutions

| Institution | Country | World ranking | Citing papers |
|---|----------|---------------|---------------|
| Liaquat University of Medical & Health Sciences | Pakistan | — | 1 |
| Yalova University | Turkey | SCImago #8976 | 1 |

| Institution | Country | World ranking | Citing papers |
|--------------------|---------|---------------|---------------|
| Hakkari University | Türkiye | — | 1 |

Geographic distribution of citing authors

| Country | Citing papers |
|----------|---------------|
| Pakistan | 1 |
| Turkey | 1 |

Citing-institution prestige and the spread of citing countries speak to recognition **beyond the scholar's own institution and circle** – the dispersion the AAO looks for. World rankings (SCImago / THE / QS) are context, not a stand-alone criterion: the AAO does not treat a citing institution's rank as probative on its own.

E. Citation Growth Over Time

Distinct citing papers by publication year. Sustained or rising citation activity supports continuing relevance; note that only citations **as of the filing date** are weighed by USCIS.

2024  4

F. AAO Precedent Considerations

Pre-filing self-check (AAO denial patterns)

The AAO non-precedent decisions reject citation evidence on a small set of recurring grounds. Confirm the petition addresses each before filing:

- Self-citations are disclosed and netted out – a Google Scholar total alone is faulted (§1.1).
- Evidence is per individual article, not a body-of-work aggregate total (§1.2).
- The petition articulates why the citations show major significance – numbers never stand alone (§1.5).
- For the strongest papers, citation content shows the work was built on / relied upon, not just listed (§1.6, §2.2).
- Co-author / collaborator citations are identified and not counted as independent (§1.7).
- Recognition is shown beyond the scholar's own institution and circle (§1.8).
- Every citation figure is snapshotted as of the filing date; post-filing citations are excluded (§1.9).
- Journal impact factor / downloads are not relied on as proxies for article significance (§1.10, §1.12).
- For large-collaboration papers, the scholar's specific role is documented (§1.13).
- Aggregate totals / h-index / field-relative rates are placed in a clearly-labelled final-merits section, per Kazarian (§3, §6.1.7).

Disclaimer

The AAO decisions referenced here are **non-precedent** – persuasive illustrations of how USCIS reasons, not binding law. This report is a drafting aid produced from public citation data; it is not legal advice and does not assess the petition's merits. All analysis must be reviewed by qualified immigration counsel.

G. Citation Evidence Index

Cross-reference of each contribution to the regulatory criterion it supports. Counsel should map these to the petition's exhibit numbers.

| Contribution | Core paper | Indep. cites | Supports |
|---------------------|---|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| Contribution 1 | Evaluation of the relationship between internet addiction and the thoracic kyphosis angle on medical faculty students | 4 | 8 CFR 204.5(h)(3)(v) – Criterion 5 |